

UND

That which is indefinite, though it hath bounds, as not being infinite, yet those bounds to us are *undefinable*. *Grew*.
Why simple ideas are *undefinable* is, that the several terms of a definition, signifying several ideas, they can all, by no means, represent an idea, which has no composition at all. *Locke*.

UNDEFORMED, *adj.* Not deformed; not disfigured.
The sight of so many gallant fellows, with all the pomp and glare of war, yet *undeform'd* by battles, may possibly invite your curiosity. *Pope*.

UNDEFIED, *adj.* Not set at defiance; not challenged.
False traitor, thou broken haif
The law of arms, to strike for *undefied*;
But thou thy treason's fruit, I hope, shalt taste
Right four, and feel the law, the which thou hast de-
fied. *Fairy Queen, b. II. c. viii. p. 31.*

UNDELIBERATED, *adj.* Not carefully considered.
The prince's *undeliberated* throwing himself into that en-
gagement, transported him with passion. *Clarendon*.

UNDELIGHTED, *adj.* Not pleased; not touched with plea-
sure.
The fiend
Saw *undelight'd* all delight; all kind
Of living creatures, new to sight. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

UNDELIGHTFUL, *adj.* Not giving pleasure.
He could not think of involving himself in the same *unde-
lightful* condition of life. *Clarendon*.

UNDEMO'NISHED, *adj.* Not razed; not thrown down.
She *undemonish'd* food, and ev'n 'till now
Perhaps had food. *Philips*.

UNDEMO'NSTRABLE, *adj.* Not capable of fuller evidence.
Out of the precepts of the law of nature, as of certain,
common, and *undemonstrable* principles, man's reason doth
necessarily proceed unto certain more particular determina-
tions: which particular determinations being found out ac-
cording unto the reason of man, they have the names of hu-
man laws. *Hooker*.

UNDENI'ABLE, *adj.* Such as cannot be gainfaid.
That age which my grey hairs make seem more than it is,
hath not diminished in me the power to protect an *undeniable*
verity. *Sidney*.

Of those of the second class, we have a plain and *unde-
niable* certainty. *Woodward's Natural History*.

UNDENI'ABLY, *adv.* So plainly, as to admit no contra-
diction.
This account was differently related by the antients; that
is, *undeniably* rejected by the moderns. *Brown's Vulg. Errors*.

I grant that nature all poets ought to study: but then this
also *undeniably* follows, that those things which delight all
ages, must have been an imitation of nature. *Dryden*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adj.* Not laments.
Rife, wretched widow! rife; nor *undeploy'd*
Permit my ghost to pass the Stygian ford;
But rife prepar'd to mourn thy perish'd lord. *Dryden*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adj.* Not corrupted.
Knowledge dwelt in our *undepaved* nature, as light in
the sun; it is now hidden in us like sparks in a flint. *Glanville*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adj.* Not divested by authority; not stripped
of any possession.
He, *undepri'd*, his benefice forsook. *Dryden*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under, Gothick; unbey, Saxon; onder,
Dutch.]
In a state of subjection to.
When good Saturn, banish'd from above,
Was driven to hell, the world was *under* Jove. *Dryden*.

Every man is put under a necessity, by his constitution, as
an intelligent being, to be determined by his own judgment,
what is best for him to do; else he would be *under* the de-
termination of some other than himself, which is want of
liberty. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In a state of subjection to.
To those that live
Under thy care, good rules and patterns give. *Denham*.

The princes respected Helim, and made such improvements
under him, that they were instructed in learnings. *Guardian*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Fruit put in bottles, and the bottles let down into wells
under water, will keep long. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*

If it stood always under this form, it would have been
under fire, if it had not been *under* water. *Burnet*.

Thy bees lodge *under* covert of the wind. *Dryden*.

Many a good poetick vein is buried *under* a trade, and
never produces any thing for want of improvement. *Locke*.

UND

Below in place; not above. This is the sense of *under* sail;
that is, *having the sails spread aloft*.
As they went *under* sail by him, they held up their hands
and made their prayers. *Sidney*.

By that fire that burn'd the Carthage queen,
When the false Trojan *under* sail was seen. *Shakespeare*.

Millstoe hath been found to put forth *under* the boughs,
and not only above the boughs; so it cannot be anything
that falleth upon the bough. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*

Be gather'd now, ye waters, *under* heav'n. *Milton*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Medicines take effect sometimes *under*, and sometimes
above, the natural proportion of their virtue. *Hooker*.

If you write in your strength, you stand revealed at first;
and should you write *under* it, you cannot avoid some pecu-
liar graces. *Dryden's Dedication to Juvenal*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
We are thrifty enough not to part with any thing service-
able to our bodies, *under* a good consideration; but make
little account of what is most beneficial to our souls. *Roy*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Man, once fallen, was nothing but a total pollution, and
not to be reformed by any thing *under* a new creation. *Sidney*.

These men of forehead love to insure a cause, and seldom
talk *under* certainty and demonstration. *Collier on Confession*.

There are several hundred parishes in England *under*
twenty pounds a year, and many *under* ten. *Swift*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
That which spites me more than all the wants,
He does it *under* name of perfect love. *Shakespeare*.

'Tis hard to bind any syllogism to close upon the mind,
as not to be evaded *under* some plausible distinction. *Baker*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Several young men could never leave the pulpit *under* half
a dozen conceits. *Swift*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
This is the only safe guard, *under* the spirit of God, that
dictated these sacred writings, that can be relied on. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In a state of relation that claims protection.
UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Ye purpose to keep *under* the children of Judah for bond-
men and bond-women. *2 Chron. xxviii. 10.*

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Lest: opposed to *over* or *more*.
He kept the main stock without alteration, *under* or
over. *Addison's Spectator, N^o. 264.*

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
It has a signification resembling that of an adjective; infe-
rior; subject; subordinate. But, perhaps, in this sense it
should be considered as united to the following word.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
I will fight
Against my cank'rd country with the spleen
Of all the *under* fiends. *Shakespeare, Coriolanus*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
It is much used in composition, in several senses, which the
following examples will explain.
UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Subordinate action; action not essen-
tial to the main story.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
The least episodes, or *underactions*, interwoven in it, are
parts necessary, or convenient to carry on the main design. *Dryden*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERBEAR*. *v. a.* [under and bear.]
1. To support; to endure.
What reverence he did throw away on slaves?
Wooing poor craftsmen with the craft of smiles,
And patient *underbearing* of his fortune. *Shakespeare*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To line; to guard. Out of use.
The dutchess of Milan's gown; not like your cloth of gold,
set with pearls, down-sleeves, side-sleeves, and skirts round,
underborne with a bluish tinsel. *Shakespeare, Much Ado about Nothing*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In funerals, those
that sustain the weight of the body, distinct from those who
are bearers of ceremony, and only hold up the pall.
To *UNDERBID*. *v. a.* [under and bid.] To offer for any
thing less than it is worth.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERC'LERK*. *n. f.* [under and clerk.] A clerk subordinate
to the principal clerk.
Coley, one of his *under-swearers*, was tried for robbing
the treasury, where he was an *underclerk*. *Swift*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERDO*. *v. n.* [under and do.]
1. To act below one's abilities.
You overact, when you should *underdo*;
A little call yourself again, and think. *B. Johnson*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To do less than is requisite.
Nature much oftener overdoes than *underdoes*: You shall
find twenty eggs with two yolks, for one that hath none. *Grew*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERFACTION*. *n. f.* [under and faction.] Subordinate fac-
tion; subdivision of a faction.
Christianity loses by contests of *underfactions*. *Decay of Piety*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERFELLOW*. *n. f.* [under and fellow.] A mean man; a
sorry wretch.

UND

If they can succeed without blood, as *under* the present
disposition of things, it is very possible they may, it is to be
hoped they will be satisfied. *Swift*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Not having reached or arrived to; noting time.
Three sons he dying left *under* age;
By means whereof, their uncle Vortigern
Usurp'd the throne during their pupillage. *Fairy Queen*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Represented by.
Morpheus is represented by the antient statues *under* the
figure of a boy asleep, with a bundle of poppy in his
hand. *Addison*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In a state of protection.
Under favour, there are other materials for a common-
wealth, besides stark love and kindness. *Collier*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
With respect to.
Mr. Duke may be mentioned *under* the double capacity of
a poet and a divine. *Felton on the Cliffs*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Attested by.
Cato major, who had with great reputation borne all the
great offices of the commonwealth, has left us an evidence,
under his own hand, how much he was versed in country
affairs. *Locke on Education*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Subjected to; being the subject of.
To describe the revolutions of nature, will require a steady
eye; especially so to connect the parts, and present them all
under one view. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Memory is the storehouse of our ideas. For the narrow
mind of man, not being capable of having many ideas *under*
view at once, it was necessary to have a repository to lay
them up. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
The thing *under* proof is not capable of demonstration,
and must be submitted to the trial of probabilities. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Distinct conceptions, that answer their verbal distinctions,
serve to clear any thing in the subject *under* consideration. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
I rather suspect my own judgment, than believe a fault to
be in that poem, which lay so long *under* Virgil's correction,
and had his last hand put to it. *Addison*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In the next stage of subordination.
This is the only safe guard, *under* the spirit of God, that
dictated these sacred writings, that can be relied on. *Locke*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In a state of relation that claims protection.
UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In a state of subjection.
Ye purpose to keep *under* the children of Judah for bond-
men and bond-women. *2 Chron. xxviii. 10.*

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Lest: opposed to *over* or *more*.
He kept the main stock without alteration, *under* or
over. *Addison's Spectator, N^o. 264.*

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
It has a signification resembling that of an adjective; infe-
rior; subject; subordinate. But, perhaps, in this sense it
should be considered as united to the following word.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
I will fight
Against my cank'rd country with the spleen
Of all the *under* fiends. *Shakespeare, Coriolanus*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
It is much used in composition, in several senses, which the
following examples will explain.
UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Subordinate action; action not essen-
tial to the main story.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
The least episodes, or *underactions*, interwoven in it, are
parts necessary, or convenient to carry on the main design. *Dryden*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERBEAR*. *v. a.* [under and bear.]
1. To support; to endure.
What reverence he did throw away on slaves?
Wooing poor craftsmen with the craft of smiles,
And patient *underbearing* of his fortune. *Shakespeare*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To line; to guard. Out of use.
The dutchess of Milan's gown; not like your cloth of gold,
set with pearls, down-sleeves, side-sleeves, and skirts round,
underborne with a bluish tinsel. *Shakespeare, Much Ado about Nothing*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
In funerals, those
that sustain the weight of the body, distinct from those who
are bearers of ceremony, and only hold up the pall.
To *UNDERBID*. *v. a.* [under and bid.] To offer for any
thing less than it is worth.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERC'LERK*. *n. f.* [under and clerk.] A clerk subordinate
to the principal clerk.
Coley, one of his *under-swearers*, was tried for robbing
the treasury, where he was an *underclerk*. *Swift*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERDO*. *v. n.* [under and do.]
1. To act below one's abilities.
You overact, when you should *underdo*;
A little call yourself again, and think. *B. Johnson*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To do less than is requisite.
Nature much oftener overdoes than *underdoes*: You shall
find twenty eggs with two yolks, for one that hath none. *Grew*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERFACTION*. *n. f.* [under and faction.] Subordinate fac-
tion; subdivision of a faction.
Christianity loses by contests of *underfactions*. *Decay of Piety*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERFELLOW*. *n. f.* [under and fellow.] A mean man; a
sorry wretch.

UND

They carried him to a house of a principal officer, who
with no more civility, though with much more business than
those *underfellows* had shewed, in capitious manner put inter-
rogatories unto him. *Sidney*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.* [under and fill] Lower part of an
edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of
earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*,
or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.

UNDEPRA'VED, *adv.* [under and hand.]
To *UNDERF'LLING*. *n. f.*